## IMPACT OF COVID 19 PANDEMIC IN TOURISM A QUALITATIVE STUDY BASED ON NUWARA ELIYA CITY.



## BALAKRISHNAN KETHESWARAN

REG NO: EU/IS/2016/MS/067

**INDEX NO: MS 1917** 



A research report submitted to the Faculty of Commerce and Management, Eastern
University, Sri Lanka, as partial fulfilment of the requirement for the Degree of Bachelor of
Business Administration (BBA)

DEPARTMENT OF MANAGEMENT
FACULTY OF COMMERCE AND MANAGEMENT
EASTERN UNIVERSITY, SRILANKA

## ABSTRACT

The tourism industry is one of the biggest earners of revenue in Sri Lanka's current economy. The tourism and leisure business is Sri Lanka's third-largest foreign exchange earner. Sri Lanka's government has made tourism a major pillar of the economy, recognizing the island's unique natural and cultural resources. The goal of this study was to look at how the covid-19 epidemic affected the tourism business in Nuwara Eliya. On covid-19 occurrences in tourism, this study used publications, historical records, media stories, World Health Organization statistics, official data, and internet resources. Secondary research was used, and secondary data was gathered through a thorough literature review. The influence of the Covid 19 epidemic on tourism is being investigated in this study. A research based on the city of Nuwara Eliya. Hence, aims of this study to explore the nature of tourism during the covid 19 pandemic situation in Nuwara Eliya city, the identify the positive impact of covid 19 pandemic situation on tourism in Nuwara Eliya city, the identify the Negative impact of covid 19 pandemic situation on tourism in Nuwara Eliya city and recommend suitable possible suggestions for tourism during the covid 19 pandemic situation in Nuwara Eliya city. To find out the adoption of the impact of covid 19 pandemic in tourism. The survey was carried out among 20 tourists in Nuwara Eliya city. Who were interviewed using a semi-structured interview method. It is an inductive study where the qualitative approach was undertaken, 02 tourists are Intra Regional Tourist and 18 tourists are Inter Regional Tourists. These two types are local or domestic tourist types. Collected data were analyzed using NVivo 10 through thematic analysis. According to the findings, Type of tourists, Visiting places, transport medium, duration, vaccine for covid 19, Social\* media information, Guidance from government, Clean and hygienic these themes are include in the impact of covid 19 pandemic in tourism on Nuwara Eliya city. Finally, the researcher recommended some strategies and mechanisms for the policymakers to enhance the impact of covid 19 pandemic in tourism on Nuwara Eliya city.

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

ACKN	OWLEDGEMENTI		
ABSTI	RACTII		
TABLI	E OF CONTENTSIII		
LIST C	DF TABLESVII		
LIST C	OF FIGURESVIII		
LIST C	OF ABBREVIATIONSIX		
Chapte	r – 01 1 -		
INTRO	DDUCTION 1 -		
1.1	Background of Study1 -		
1.2	Research Gap/ Research Problem Statement 2 -		
1.3	Research Questions 3 -		
1.4	Research Objectives 4 -		
1.5	Significance of the Study - 4 - Scope of the Study - 4 -		
1.6	Scope of the Study4 -		
1.7	The Organization of Chapters 5 -		
1.8	Chapter Summary5 -		
Chapte	r-2 7 -		
LITER	ATURE REVIEW 7 -		
2.1 Ir	ntroduction 7 -		
2.2 F	ear of Covid 197 -		
2.3 P	erceived Risk of Traveling During Covid 19		
2.4 S	ocial Media during Covid 19 9 -		
2.5 A	ttitude 10 -		
2.6 C	ustomer Brand Engagement10 -		
2.7 B	rand Co-creation 11 -		
2.8 R	evisit Intention during Covid 1911 -		
2.9 C	hapter Summary 12 -		
	-3 13 -		
CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS 13 -			
	troduction 13 -		
	efinitions of Keywords 13 -		

	3.2.1 Covid-19	13 -
	3.2.2 Tourism	14 -
	3.2.3 Tourist	15 -
	3.2.4 Intra Regional Tourist and Inter Regional Tourist	16 -
	3.3 Chapter Summary	16 -
C	Chapter-4	17 -
R	RESEARCH METHODOLOGY	17 -
	4.1 Introduction	17 -
	4.2 Research Philosophy	17 -
	4.3 Research Approach	19 -
	4.4. Research Strategy	20 -
	4.5 Methodological Choice	20 -
	4.6 Time Horizon	21 -
	4.7 Area Selection	21 -
	4.8 Population of the Study	21 -
	4.9 Sampling Technique	21 -
	4.10 Sampling Framework and Sample Size	
	4.11 Sample Size	22 -
	4.12 Method of Data Collection and Source	23 -
	4.13 Data Collection Method	24 -
	4.14 The Interview Guideline	
	4.14.1 Interview Guideline for Undergraduates & Academics	25 -
	4.15 Unit of Data Analysis	
	4.16 Method of Data Analysis	
	4.16.1 Thematic Analysis	
	4.16.2 NVivo 10	29 -
	4.17 Data Presentation	
	4.18 Ethical Consideration	
	4.19 Chapter Summary	31 -
	hapter-5	
	ATA PRESENTATION AND ANALYSIS	
	5.1 Introduction	
		32 -

5.3 Thematic Analysis35 -
5.3.1 Objective 01:35 -
5.3.1.1 Type of Tourists 36 -
5.3.1.2 Visiting Places 37 -
5.3.1.3 Transport Medium 37 -
5.3.1.4 Duration 38 -
5.3.2 Objective 02 39 -
5.3.2.1 Vaccine for Covid 19 39 -
5.3.2.2 Social Media Information 40 -
5.3.2.3 Guidance from Government 41 -
5.3.2.4 Clean and Hygienic 42 -
5.3.3 Objective 03:43 -
5.3.3.1 Challenges 44 -
5.3.3.2 Travel Restrictions - 45 -
5.3.3.3 Social Distance 46 -
5.3.3.4 Fear of Covid 19 46 -
5.3.4 Objective 04:
5.3.4.1 Awareness48 -
5.3.4.2 Improve the Tourism 49 -
5.3.4.3 Transport Recommendation 50 -
5.4 Chapter Summary 52 -
Chapter-6
DISCUSSION -53 -
6.1 Chapter Introduction 53 -
6.2 Discussion of Respondents53 -
6.3 Discussion of Research Information 53 -
6.3.1 Discussion for Objective One53 -
6.3.2 Discussion for Objective Two 54 -
6.3.3 Discussion for Objective Three 55 -
6.3.4 Discussion for Objective Four 56 -
6.4 Chapter Summary 57 -
Chapter-7 58 -
CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS 58 -

	7.1 Introduction 58	8 -
	7.2 Conclusion of the Study	3 -
	7.3 Recommendations - 59	) -
	7.3.1 Awareness 59	) -
	7.3.2 Improve the Tourism 60	) -
	7.3.3 Transport Recommendation 60	) -
	7.4 Implication 60	) -
	7.4.1 Managerial Implication 60	) -
	7.4.2 Knowledge Implications61	
	7.5 Strengths and Limitations of the study 62	2 -
	7.5.1 Strengths 62	<u> </u>
	7.5.2 Limitations 62	! -
	7.6 Directions for Future Researches 63	; <u> </u>
L	IST OF REFERENCES 64	_
	PPENDIX 67	
	nterview Guide Lines	