FACTORS AFFECTING HOUSEHOLD'S INTENTION TO SAVE ENERGY: THE CASE OF BATTICALOA DISTRICT ERAVUR PATTU DIVISIONAL SECRETARIAT AREA



By:

UTHAYAKUMARAN SAJITHA

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DEPARTMENT OF MANAGEMENT
FACULTY OF COMMERCE AND MANAGEMENT
EASTERN UNIVERSITY, SRI LANKA

ABSTRACT

The rapid increase in energy consumption is becoming a very important issue in Sri Lanka. Sri Lanka mostly depends on nonrenewable energy sources. These resources are not available In Sri Lanka. Therefore there is a need for import these resources from other countries. This act requires more money. It is considered as the economic impact of overconsumption of energy. At the same time, overconsumption of energy increases CO₂ emission as well. This leads to environmental issues. To address this issue, this study identifies and explores the determinants of energy saving behavioral intention among households in the Eravur Pattu Divisional Secretariat Area from the perspective of the Theory of Planned Behavior (TPB). TPB is used to test whether Attitude, Subjective norm, Perceived behavioral control, Personal moral norm, Habit, Positive anticipated emotion, and Price effect Intention to save energy, which then leads to the performance of Energy saving behavior.

Data were collected using a questionnaire survey method. Questionnaires were issued to 450 households in Eravur Pattu Divisional Secretariat Area. Among them, information from 378 respondents was analyzed. In this study, the statistical tools used to analyze the levels of variables, while relationships were measured by Pearson correlation, and the impact was measured by linear regression.

The result of the correlation analysis indicates that all the variables are positively related to the intention to save energy and intention to save energy is positively leads to energy saving behavior and the result of regression analysis shows that the factors in the research model explain 71.7% of the changes in the Intention to save energy of households in the Eravur Pattu Divisional Secretariat Area. Research result shows that Personal moral norm is powerful variable to predict the intention to save energy. Based on the research result researcher has made some feasible and reasonable recommendations for local and national energy-saving policies. It will be helpful to increase household's energy saving practices and get economical, environmental and social benefits.

Key words: Energy, Household, Price, Intention, Energy saving behavior

TABLE OF CONTENTS

ACKNOWLEDGMENT	i
ABSTRACT	ii
TABLE OF CONTENTS	iii
LIST OF TABLES	xii
LIST OF FIGURES	xvi
ABBREVIATION	xvii
Chapter -1	1
INTRODUCTION	1
1.1 Background of the Study	1
1.2 Problem Statement/Research Gap	3
1.3 Research Questions	4
1.4 Research Objectives	5
1.5 Significance of the Study	5
1.6 Scope of the Study	6
1.7 Organization of Chapters	7
1.8 Chapter Summary	8
Chapter - 2	9
LITERATURE REVIEW	9
2.1 Introduction	9
2.2 Attitude (AT)	9
2.3 Subjective Norm (SN)	10
2.4 Perceived Behavioral Control (PBC)	11
2.5 Personal Moral Norm (PMN)	12
2.6 Habit (HA)	13
2.7 Positive Anticipated Emotion (PAE)	14
2.8 Price (PR)	15

2.9 Intention to Save Energy (ISE)	15
2.10 Energy Saving Behavior (ESB)	15
2.11 Supportive Theories	17
2.11.1 Theory of Planned Behavior (TPB)	17
2.12 Hypothesis Development	18
2.12.1 Attitude and Intention to Save Energy (AT and ISE)	18
2.12.2 Subjective Norm and Intention to Save Energy (SN and ISE)	19
2.12.3 Perceived Behavioral Control and Intention to Save Energy (PBC and IS	E)
	20
2.12.4 Personal Moral Norm and Intention to Save Energy (PMN and ISE)	21
2.12.5 Habit and Intention to Save Energy (HA and ISE)	22
2.12.6 Positive Anticipated Emotion and Intention to Save Energy (PAE and IS)	E)
	22
2.12.7 Price and Intention to Save Energy (PR and ISE)	23
2.12.8 Intention to Save Energy and Energy Saving Behavior (ISE and ESB)2	24
2.13 Research Gap	24
2.14 Chapter Summary	28
Chapter - 3	29
CONCEPTUALIZATION AND OPERATIONALIZATION	29
3.1 Introduction	29
3.2 Conceptualization	29
3.3 Theoretical support for the conceptual framework of the study	30
3.3.1 Theory of Planned Behavior (TPB)	30
3.4 Conceptual Framework	30
3.5 Definition of Variables	31
3.5.1 Attitude	31
3.5.2 Subjective Norm	32
3.5.3 Perceived Behavioral Control	32

	3.5.4 Personal Moral Norm	32
	3.5.5 Habit	32
	3.5.6 Positive Anticipated Emotion	.33
	3.5.7 Price	33
	3.5.8 Intention to Save Energy	33
	3.6 Hypothesis	34
	3.7 Operationalization	35
	3.8 Chapter Summary	37
Cł	napter - 4	.38
RI	ESEARCH METHODOLOGY	.38
	4.1 Introduction	.38
	4.2 Research Philosophy	.39
ı	4.3 Research Approach	.39
	4.4 Research Strategy	.40
	4.5 Methodological Choice	.41
	4.6 Time Horizon	.41
į	4.7 Research Site/ Area Selection	.41
	4.8 Population of the Study	.42
	4.9 Sampling Technique/ Method	.43
	4.10 Sample Size	.43
1	4.11 Method of Data Collection	.44
	4.12 Research Instrument	.44
	4.12.1 Personal Information	.45
	4.12.2 Research Information	.45
	4.13 Source of Measurements	.46
	4.14 The Pilot Study	.47
	4.15 Validity and Reliability of the Instrument	.48

4.15.1 Validity	48
4.15.2 Reliability	49
4.16 Unit of Data analysis	50
4.17 Method of Data analysis	50
4.17.1 Objective one	50
4.17.2 Objective two	51
4.17.3 Objective three	51
4.17.4 Objective four	51
4.17.5 Objective five	51
4.17.6 Testing hypothesis	52
4.18 Method of Data evaluation	53
4.18.1 Univariate Analysis	53
4.18.2 Correlation Analysis	54
4.18.3 Simple regression	55
4.18.4 Multiple regression	55
4.18.5 Testing hypothesis	56
4.19 Data Presentation	57
4.20 Ethical Consideration	57
4.21 Chapter Summary	58
Chapter - 5	59
DATA PRESENTATION AND ANALYSIS	59
5.1 Introduction	59
5.2 Reliability Test	59
5.3 Data Presentation and Data Analysis of Respondents' Profile	60
5.3.1 Distribution of Gender	61
5.3.2 Distribution of Age	61
5.3.3 Distribution of Monthly Income	62

5.3.4 Distribution of Education	62
5.3.5 Distribution of Number of family members	62
5.4 Data Presentation and Analysis of Research Objectives	63
5.4.1 Univariate Analysis	63
5.4.1.1 Level of Attitude	64
5.4.1.2 Level of Subjective Norm	64
5.4.1.3 Level of Perceived Behavioral Control	65
5.4.1.4 Level of Personal Moral Norm	65
5.4.1.5 Level of Habit	66
5.4.1.6 Level of Positive Anticipated Emotion	66
5.4.1.7 Level of Price	67
5.4.1.8 Level of Intention to Save Energy	67
5.4.1.9 Level of Energy saving Behavior	68
5.4.2 Bivariate Analysis	68
5.4.2.1 Pearson's Correlation Analysis	69
5.4.2.1.1 Correlation Analysis between AT and ISE	69
5.4.2.1.2 Correlation Analysis between SN and ISE	70
5.4.2.1.3 Correlation Analysis between PBC and ISE	70
5.4.2.1.4 Correlation Analysis between PMN and ISE	71
5.4.2.1.5 Correlation Analysis Between HA and ISE	71
5.4.2.1.6 Correlation Analysis between PAE and ISE	72
5.4.2.1.7 Correlation Analysis between PR and ISE	72
5.4.2.1.8 Correlation Analysis between ISE and ESB	73
5.4.3 Regression Analysis	73
5.4.3.1 Simple Regression	73
5.4.3.1.1 Simple regression analysis for Attitude and Intention to save en	nergy
	74

5.4.3.1.2 Simple regression analysis for Subjective Norm and Intention to save
5.4.3.1.3 Simple regression analysis for Perceived behavioral control and
Intention to save energy
5.4.3.1.4 Simple regression analysis for Personal moral norm and Intention to save energy
5.4.3.1.5 Simple regression analysis for Habit and Intention to save energy 80
5.4.3.1.6 Simple regression analysis for Positive anticipated emotion and
Intention to save energy82
5.4.3.1.7 Simple regression analysis for Price and Intention to save energy 83
5.4.3.1.8 Simple regression analysis for Intention to save energy and Energy saving behavior
5.4.3.2 Multiple Regression analyses for study variables87
5.4.4 Testing Hypothesis
5.5 Chapter Summary92
Chapter - 6
DISCUSSION OF FINDINGS
6.1 Introduction99
6.2 Discussion of Respondents' Profile
6.2.1 Gender of Respondents93
6.2.2 Age Group92
6.2.3 Monthly Income94
6.2.4 Education94
6.2.5 Family Members94
6.3 Discussion of Research Information94
6.3.1 Discussion - Objective One94
6.3.1.1 Level of Attitude
6.3.1.2 Level of Subjective Norm9

6.3.1.3 Level of Perceived behavior control
6.3.1.4 Level of Personal moral norm95
6.3.1.5 Level of Habit96
6.3.1.6 Level of Positive anticipated emotion
6.3.1.7 Level of Price
6.3.1.8 Level of Intention to save energy
6.3.1.9 Level of Energy saving behavior
6.3.2 Discussion - Objective Two
6.3.2.1 Relationship between Attitude and Intention to save energy97
6.3.2.2 Relationship between Subjective norm and Intention to save energy97
6.3.2.3 Relationship between Perceived behavioral control and Intention to save energy
6.3.2.4 Relationship between Personal moral norm and Intention to Save Energy
6.3.2.5 Relationship between Habit and Intention to save energy99
6.3.2.6 Relationship between Positive anticipated emotion and Intention to save
energy99
6.3.2.7 Relationship between Price and Intention to save energy99
6.3.3 Discussion - Objective Three
6.3.3.1 Relationship between Intention to save energy and Energy Saving Behavior
6.3.4 Discussion - Objective four
6.3.4.1 Simple linear regression analysis for Attitude and Intention to save
energy100
6.3.4.2 Simple linear regression analysis for Subjective norm and Intention to save energy
6.3.4.3 Simple linear regression analysis for Perceived behavioral control and Intention to save energy

6.3.4.4 Simple linear regression analysis for Personal moral norm and Intention
to save energy103
6.3.4.5 Simple linear regression analysis for Habit and Intention to save energy
6.3.4.6 Simple linear regression analysis for Positive anticipated emotion and Intention to save energy
6.3.4.7 Simple linear regression analysis for Price and Intention to save energy
6.3.4.8 Multiple linear regression analyses for study variables
6.3.5 Discussion - Objective five
6.3.5.1 Simple linear regression analysis for Intention to save energy and Energy saving behavior
6.4 Hypothesis Testing
6.5 Chapter Summary111
Chapter - 7
CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATION
7.1 Introduction
7.2 Conclusion
7.2.1 Conclusion - Objective One
7.2.2 Conclusion - Objective Two
7.2.3 Conclusion - Objective Three
7.2.4 Conclusion - Objective Four
7.2.5 Conclusion - Objective Five
7.3 Contribution of the Study
7.4 Recommendations
7.5 Limitations of the Study
7.6 Direction for Future Studies
List of References

Appendix-1: English Questionnaire	130
	F.
Appendix-2: Tamil Questionnaire	134
Appendix-3: Villages with GN code	138
Appendix-4: Results of Stepwise Multiple Regression	140

1.5