EASTERN UNIVERSITY, SRI LANKA SECOND YEAR FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATION IN AGRICULTURE- 2012 AEC 2101: APPLIED FARM MANAGEMENT (PRACTICAL) REPEAT EXAMINATION

Answer All questions Time: 3 Hours 10 JUN 2013

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 a. Define the term "Depreciation" and briefly discuss the causes of depreciation.

b. Assume that a new machine is purchased on January 1st for Rs.200, 000 and given a salvage value of Rs. 25,000 at 20 years useful life.

What would be the total depreciation after a 4 year period under each depreciation method given below.

- i. Straight line method.
- ii. Sum- of-the year digit method.
- 2. a. Graphically illustrate the neo-classical three stages of the production function.

b. There are two inputs X_1 and X_2 and one output Y as related by the production function shown below.

 $Y = X_1 X_2 - 0.1 X_1^2 - 0.4 X_2^2$

i. If the input X_2 is fixed at 5, find the value of X_1 for maximum Y

ii. Find the level of X_1 when AP= 0.

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3. a. Briefly explain the Payback period and Simple rate of return methods of Investment analysis.

b. For the following data on two project alternatives, find out the most profitable investment using Payback period and Simple Rate of Return methods.

A. Same	Investment alternatives					
	Item	Project A	Project B			
	Capital outlay	Rs. 10, 000	Rs. 10, 000			
	Net cash revenues					
	Year 1	2,500	4,000			
	Year 2	2,500	4,000 .			
	Year 3	2,500	4,000			
	Year 4 .	2,500				
	Year 5	2,500				
	Year 6	2,500	1996 - Alexandre - Ale			
	Annual depreciation	Rs.1,667	Rs.3,333			

4. a. How do you form expectations using "Most likely method" and "Averages"?

Possible paddy yields	Number of years actual yield was in this range		
(Bushel/ acre)			
0- 10	1		
	2		
21-30	5		
31-40 *	7		
41- 50	4		
51-60	1		

b. Find out the best estimate using the most likely method.

c. Find out the expected value for price of cow using simple and weighted average methods.

Year	Average annual price(Rs)		
5 Years ago	8,000.00		
4 Years ago	7,960.00		
3 Years ago	9,160.00		
2 Years ago	10,030.00		
Last year	12,010.00		

5. a. Prepare the partial budget for the following data. The proposed change is the addition of 50 beef cows to an existing herd. However, not enough forage is available and 100 acres currently in grain production must be converted to forage production.

Interest on cows/ Bulls	Rs. 250,000
Taxes	Rs. 10,000
Labor cost on rearing cows	Rs. 60, 000
Fertilizer cost	Rs. 275,000
Seed cost	Rs. 120,000
Chemical cost	Rs. 150,000
Pasture fertilizer cost	Rs. 150,000
Feed and hay cost	Rs. 200,000
Veterinary and health cost	Rs. 50,000
Labor cost on grain production	Rs. 150,000

Revenue from grain production (5000 bushels @ Rs. 400 per bushel)

Revenue from 5 cull cows	Rs. 250,000	
Revenue from 18 heifer calves	Rs. 645,800	

6. A farm manager has to select the amount of water to apply to one hectare of maize. Fill in the following table and determine the profit maximizing irrigation level for maize production.

Irrigation	Maize	Marginal	Marginal	Marginal	Marginal	Marginal
water	yield	Physical	Value	Input	Revenue	Cost
(ha- cm)	per ha	Product	Product	Cost	(MR)	(MC)
	(kg)	(MPP)	(MVP)	(MIC)		
10	104.0					
12	116.8	1997 and a s	untel Areas			
14	128.6					
16	138.2	6,200, 5, 55				
18	144.8					
20	149.0					
22	151.8					
24	153.6	1999-1999				
26	154.2					

(Water at Rs 3.00 per ha- cm and maize at Rs 2.50 per kg)

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