

## EASTERN UNIVERSITY, SRI LANKA DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS FIRST EXAMINATION IN SCIENCE(2016/2017)

## FIRST SEMESTER (Aug./Sept., 2018)

## AM 106 - TENSOR CALCULUS

## Answer all question

Time: One hour

- 1. (a) Define what is meant by symmetric and skew symmetric tensor  $A_{pq}$ .

  If  $ds^2 = g_{jk} dx^j dx^k$  is an invariant, then prove that  $g_{jk}$  is a symmetric covariant tensor of rank two.
  - (b) Let  $A_{pq}^{rst}$  be a tensor. If p = t, q = s then show that  $A_{pq}^{rqp}$  is a tensor. What is its rank?
  - (c) The covariant components of a tensor in rectangular co-ordinate system are  $x^2 y$ ,  $2x z^2$ , xz. Find its covariant components in clyndrical co-ordinate system.
- 2. (a) Define the Christoffel's symbols of the first and second kind.
  - (b) With the usual notations, prove the following:

i. 
$$[pq, r] = g_{rs}\Gamma_{pq}^s$$
;

ii. 
$$[p m, q] + [q m, p] = \frac{\partial g_{pq}}{\partial x^m};$$

iii. 
$$\frac{\partial g^{pq}}{\partial x^m} + g^{pn} \Gamma^q_{mn} + g^{qn} \Gamma^p_{mn} = 0.$$

(c) Show that the non-vanishing Christofel's symbols of the second kind in cylindrical coordinate  $(\rho, \phi, z)$  are given by

$$\Gamma^1_{22} = -\rho, \quad \Gamma^2_{21} = \frac{1}{\rho}, \quad \Gamma^2_{12} = \frac{1}{\rho},$$

where  $x^1 = \rho$ ,  $x^2 = \phi$ ,  $x^3 = z$ .