

## Eastern University, Sri Lanka

## First Year First Semester Examination in Science

## 2011/2012 (January 2013)

## CH 102 Introduction to Electrochemistry and Thermodynamics (Proper& Repeat)

Answer all questions

1.

Time: 01 hour

Gas constant (R) =  $8.314 \text{ J K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$  2.303 RT/F = 0.0591 V

a) i. Write the mathematical expression for first law of thermodynamics

(05 marks)

ii. A sample of 0.175 mol of an ideal gas is allowed to expand under adiabatic and reversible conditions from a volume of 5.0 dm<sup>3</sup> at a pressure of 303975 Nm<sup>-2</sup> and 298 K until the volume becomes 10.0 dm<sup>3</sup>. Calculate the final pressure and final temperature of the gas and the values of  $q, w, \Delta U$  and  $\Delta H$ .

(45 marks)

(15 marks)

- b) i. Define 'Joule Thomson coefficient', and show that  $\mu_{J-T} = -1/C_P \left(\frac{\partial H}{\partial P}\right)_T$
- ii. The  $\mu_{J-T}$  for CO<sub>2</sub> gas at pressure up to 20 atm pressure can be taken as constant and equal to 1.054 K atm<sup>-1</sup>. Calculate the change in enthalpy ( $\Delta H$ ) when 5 moles of CO<sub>2</sub> at 25 ° C and 1 atm pressure is compressed isothermally to 20 atm pressure. (The isobaric thermal heat capacity ( $C_p$ ) of CO<sub>2</sub> is 36 J K<sup>-1</sup> mol<sup>-1</sup>)

(35 marks)

Cont..

2.

a) i. Derive the Maxwell relation  $\left(\frac{\partial S}{\partial V}\right)_T = \left(\frac{\partial P}{\partial T}\right)_V$ 

(10 marks)

ii. One mole of gas which obeys to the equation of state  $P = \frac{RT}{V-b} - \frac{a}{TV^2}$  expands from  $V_1$  to  $V_2$ . Determine  $\left(\frac{\partial P}{\partial T}\right)_V$  and hence show that  $\Delta S = Rln \left[\frac{V_2-b}{V_1-b}\right] + \frac{a}{T^2} \left[\frac{1}{V_1} - \frac{1}{V_2}\right]$ 

(25 marks)

- b) Consider the galvanic cell  $Cu(s)/Cu^{2+} (aq, 0.25 M)//Fe^{3+} (aq, 0.0001 M)/Fe^{2+} (aq, 0.20 M).$ 
  - i. Write the cell reaction
  - ii. Calculate the standard electrode potential and electrode potential of the cell.

Given that  $E_{Cu^{2+}/Cu}^{\theta} = 0.34 \text{ V}$  and  $E_{Fe^{3+}/Fe^{2+}}^{\theta} = 0.77 \text{ V}$ 

(40 marks)

c) Calculate the change in standard free energy ( $\Delta G^{\theta}$ ) at 298 K for the reaction

 $Sn(s) + Pb^{2+}(aq) \longrightarrow Sn^{2+}(aq) + Pb(s)$ 

Given that  $E_{Sn^{2+}/Sn}^{\theta} = -0.14 \text{ V}$  and  $E_{Pb^{2+}/Pb}^{\theta} = -0.126 \text{ V}$ 

(25 marks)