



## EASTERN UNIVERSITY, SRI LANKA <u>DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS</u> <u>SECOND EXAMINATION IN SCIENCE - 2010/2011</u> <u>FIRST SEMESTER (April, 2013)</u> <u>MT 215 - CLASSICAL MECHANICS II</u> <u>(REPEAT)</u>

Answer all questions

Time : One hour

1. With the usual notations derive the following equations for a common catenary:

(a)  $S = c \tan \psi$ , (b)  $x = c \ln[\sec \psi + \tan \psi]$ , (c)  $S = c \sinh(x/c)$ .

A weight W is suspended from a fixed point by a uniform heavy string of length land weight w per unit length. It is drawn aside by horizontal force P. Show that in equilibrium, the distance of W from the vertical through the fixed point is

$$\frac{P}{w}\left[\sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{W+lw}{P}\right)-\sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{W}{P}\right)\right].$$

2. With usual notations, prove the Claypeyron's equation

$$M_1a + 2M_2(a+b) + M_3b = -\frac{w}{4}(a^3 + b^3) + 6EI\left(\frac{y_a}{a} + \frac{y_b}{b}\right)$$

for the bending moment of a slightly elastic beam.

A uniform rod ABC of weight w per unit length is supported at its ends A, C and at the point B on its length. The three points A, B and C being at the same horizontal level of AB = a and BC = b. Show that the reaction of the support at A is  $\frac{w}{8a}(3a^2 + ab - b^2)$ . Hence, show that the rod can remain in contact with all the supports if

$$\frac{(\sqrt{13}-1)}{6} < \frac{a}{b} < \frac{(\sqrt{13}+11)}{2}.$$