Eastern University, Sri Lanka Faculty of Commerce & Management First Year First Semester Examination in Bachelor of Business Administration/ Bachelor of Commerce 2014/2015 (July/August 2016) (Proper/Repeat)

MGT 1032 Career Guidance

Answer all four (4) Questions

Q1.

Time: Two Hours

1

Read the case study and answer the questions given below.

Career Development in Sri Lankan Companies

Generally speaking, most of the companies interviewed, plan training and specific support for new employees as soon as they start their employment. Initial training needs are assessed to help the employee adapt to their role. In particular, the employee's general competences (managerial, communications, interpersonal relations) and the technical skills demanded by the specific requirements of their job role are identified along with the further requirements and priorities of the companies. In some cases, the company organizes programmes for competences and assessment at the time employees enter the company. Most of the companies interviewed also provide coaching activities to support and facilitate the integration of employees into their new roles in the company.

Career opportunities in most of these companies often depend on the employees' constructive attitude and autonomous initiatives. The assumption of responsibilities, leadership, flexibility, focus on business results, sharing business objectives, and commitment to developing business, are positive attributes that influence a company's decisions about career development and promotion opportunities. Human resources (HR) career development policies are generally applied to all employees, though, in practice, the main benefits are usually reserved for top management. In some cases, new graduates with good potential are able to take advantage of these policies. The delivery of career development activities is usually the responsibility of the HR department, while the development of specific competences is the responsibility of area/department managers. The HR department is usually responsible for training and career development for all employee groups. In Sri Lanka, some companies are planning internal programmes for the development of their employees, while others, even large ones use external consultants. This appears to depend on the management structure and varies, even in some international contexts, depending on the company's owners.

The autonomy of line managers in managing human resources varies extremely. The distinctive element that emerges from this analysis is the company's strategy to identify talent promption and then support these people in their development by monitoring their professional careers Retention policies can be seen alongside wage and training policies as procedures for performance improvement. Responsibility for implementation is generally shared with to management. Specific qualifications are not normally required to carry out activities associate with HR development, though, in some cases, a preferential job title is given. In contrast t quality assurance procedures in external guidance services, systems for evaluation an monitoring of in-company HR activities do not exist. This is a critical point, since it is no possible to plan a quality system to guarantee continuous improvement of service. Self managed learning programmes are very rare inside these companies, although some has developed self-managed learning programmes for safety at work and foreign language training

Questions

I. Define the terms "Career" and "Career Development".

(05 Marks

II. List out the Career Development Practices in Sri Lankan Companies.

(10 Marks

III. Briefly explain the roles of employees and employers in Career Development practices in Sri Lankan Companies.

(10 Marks

(25 Marks

2

Q2.	a)	Define terms "Career Path", "Career Goals" and "Career Planning".	
			(06 Marks)
	b)	What is conventional thinking?	(00.14.1.)
			(03 Marks)
	c)	Identify the major three competencies that would be expected by the employers for	r the jobs.
			(03 Marks)
	d)	Outline the stages of development of your career for a specific job.	
			(05 Marks)
	e)	Propose four main roles of career counsellors.	
			(04 Marks)
	f)	Indicate 4 Ps to identify and belief on future job dreams.	
			(04 Marks)
		(Tota	25 Marks)
Q3.	a)	List out the factors that would have impacted on career choices in the labour mark	ets.
		*	(06 Marks)
	b)	Briefly describe your interest (strengths and weakness, skills and personal qua	lities) for a
		specific job by using Holland's Hexagonal Model of Career Fields.	
			(00 Mantra)
			(08 Marks)

c) "Personal Career Planning Guide and self-assessment Exercise are useful tools in providing career counselling." **Discuss.**

(08 Marks)

(Total 22 Marks)

Q4. a) Based on the following jobs given, answer the questions below.

Accountant	Information Technologist	Teacher	
Banker	Beauticians	Clerk	
Manager	Network Administrator	Development officer	
Fashion Designer	Doctor Chef	Engineer Technician	
Make-up Artist,			
Cosmetologist	Physiotherapist	Announcer	
Photographer	Management Consultant	Craftsman	
Choreographer	Chartered Accountant	Musicians	

I. Define what is education based and talent based career.

(05 Marks)

II. Classify the above jobs that falls into education and talent based career.

(06 Marks

b) Briefly describe the **information** that should be displayed to develop **your resume** for any join the job market.

(07 Marks

c) Briefly elaborate any two of career development theories with an appropriate example.

(10 Marks

(Total 28 Mark