AN ECONOMIC STUDY ON SEED PADDY PRODUCTION IN THE AMPARA DISTRICT.



MR.KATHIRAMALAI KAMALATHASAN. REG NO: - EU/IS/2002(A)/ECON/140. INDEX NO:-CS 2043.

A PROJECT REPORT SUBMITTED TO THE FACULTY OF COMMERCE AND MANAGEMENT, EASTERN UNIVERSITY SRI LANKA, AS A PARTIAL FULFILLMENT OF THE REQUIREMENT OF THE BACHELOR OF ECONOMICS (B.ECON) DEGREE.



DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMICS.

FACULTY OF COMMERCE AND MANAGEMENT.

EASTERN UNIVERSITY, SRI LANKA.

2007.

ABSRACT

Paddy production is important in all over the world. It is more complex and bunning issue in the development countries. As rice is most significant food to those people, they take more concentration on paddy cultivation. Sri Lanka, like other countries in the Asian region has an agricultural economy and the agricultural sector plays an important role in the economy and social development of the country. Even though most of the areas in Sri Lanka get high output from their paddy production, the yield is very low due to lack of economics, marketing, infrastructure and skills training and awareness facilities for the seed paddy. The coastal line area in ampara district is one of them, which is facing many problems concerning economically, marketing, infrastructure and training and awareness of seed paddy. Therefore, the researcher intended to find out the major problems faced by the farmers and discover causes for it.

For the purpose of findling out the causes for the Economics of seed paddy problems, the research considers four variables as conceptualization. Those are Economics facilities, marketing facilities, infrastructure facilities and skills training and awareness facilities. The inflormation for knowing problems and causes has been collected through the structured questionnaire issued to seed paddy farmers in the coastal line area in ampara district inspection division. 100 farming families have been taken from 5 inspection range divisions and questionnaires were issued on the basis of amount of seed paddy they produce. These data were analyzed through the universate analysis, there fore SPSS 11.0 computer software and MS Excel were used.

After the analysis of every variable the following mean value were got. The mean value of the economics facilities is 1.13, marketing facilities is 2.46, infrastructure facilities is 1.16, and skills training and awareness facilities is 2.22. These shows the Economics of seed paddy production in ampara district coastal line areas inspection range economics facilities, infrastructure facilities, awareness facilities disagree level and marketing facilities is manginal agree level so, decline the seed paddy production in these area treason for there is low level the economics facilities infrastructure facilities and skills training and awareness facilities. Almost all paddy farmers in this division are small holders and are without capital for investment in production. These situation faced by the seed paddy farmers have lead to very large reduce initiate capital. Therefore, the ultimate purpose of study is to find out causes for these problems and propose the remedies and strategies to improve the seed paddy production in these areas.

CONTENTS

Title pages		Page I
Acknowledgement		IV
Abstract		V
Contents		VII
List of tables		ſΧ
List of figures		XI
1.0. CHAPTER ONE: INTRODUCTION		
I.1 Background of study		01
1.2 Problem statement		10
1.3 Objective of the Research	Market 6 - 1-2	10
1.4 Limitation of the research		10
15 Assumption of the Research		11
1.6 Research Questions		10
1.7 Signification of the Research	To≠:	11

2.0. CHAPTER TWO: LITERATURE REVIEW

		12
2.1 Introduction		12
2.2 Important of agriculture in Sri Lanka		12
2.3 Stable food of Sri Lanka		14
2.4. Foreign exchange and employment		17
2.5. Estimated 2004 paddy production		18
2.6. Seed paddy production in Sri Lanka	274 at	19
2.6.1. Paddy extent sown by variety of seed in Ampara dis	strict	19
2.7. Consumption		20
2.8. Production situation in Ampara district		20
2.9. Trade		21
2.10. Marketing		21
2.11. Important of seed paddy production		23
2.12. Production and demand		25
2.13. Training programs		25
2.14. Commercial paddy seed production		26
2.15. Storage condition		26
2.16. Infrastructure		26
2.17. Related studies	*	
2.19. Summary	9	33
	4	
3.0. CHAPTER THREE: RESEARCH METHODOLOGY.	." = =	34
3.0 Introduction		34
3.2 Conceptualization	W	35
3.2.2. Marketing facilities		
3.2.2 Economics facilities		36 36
3.2.3. Infrastructure facilities		
3.2.3.1 Water supply		36
3,2.4. Skill training and awareness		36
3.3. Sampling method		37

	3.7
3.3.1. Sample procedure	37
3.3.2. Data collection	38
3.3.2.1. Primary data	38
3.3.2.2. Secondary data	38
3.3.3. Method of data analyzing and evaluation	40
3.4. Summary	40
0. CHAPTER FOUR: DATA PRESENTATION, DISCUSSION NALYSIS	
.1 Introduction	41
4.2 Personal information	41
4.2.1 Age distribution	41
2.1.1 Discussion for age distribution	42
1.2.2 Family members	42
2.2.1. Discussion for family members	4.3
	43
1.2.3 Income range	44
12.3.1 Discussion for income range	44
4.3 Research information	45
4.3.1. Economics facilities	46
4.3.1.1. Discussion for economics facilities	48
4.3.2.Marketing facilities	49
4.3.2.1. Discussion for marketing facilities	50
4.3.3.Infrastructure facilities	50
4.3.3.1. Discussion for infrastructure facilities	54
4.3.4.Skill training and awareness	
4.3.4.1. Discussion for skill training and awareness	55
4.3.5.Over all analysis	56
4.4. Summary	50

5.0. CHAPTER FIVE: CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATION	
5.1. Conclusion	
5.2. Recommendation	60
5.2.1. Economics facilities	60
5.2.2. Marketing facilities	61
5.2.3 Infrastructure facilities	62
5.2.4 Skill training and awareness facilities	62
REFERENCES AND APPENDICES	
1. References	63
2. Appendix	64
LIST OF TABLES	
Table 1.1 Rate of self sufficiency of rice 1998-2006.	2
Table 1.2 Annual sown and harvested extents. Average yield and production	
of paddy 2000-2006.	3
Table 1.3 Extents and production of seed paddy under private sector	
program in Ampara district	9
Table 2.1. A revised cereal-supply and demand balance sheet for the country	
for 2004/05 in Srii Lanka.	13
Table 2.2. Paddy production target	14
Table 2.3. Newly estimated 2004 Yala season paddy production, in comparison	
with last year and the average of the previous 5 years in Sri Lanka.	16

Table 2.4. Cultivation program paddy extent and production in north east

Table 2.5. Extents under seed paddy production in 2004 in Ampara district.

Province (target and achievement) 2001/02 maha-2005/06 maha

17

22