Vegetative propagation of Sansevieria trifasciata(L.) under in vitro and ex vitro conditions

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ABSTRACT

The present studies were conducted to investigate the vegetative propagation of *Sansevieria trifasciata* (L.) under *in vitro* and *ex vitro* conditions. First experiment was conducted at the Tissue Culture Laboratory, Department of Crop Science, Eastern University, Sri Lanka to study the effect of orientations of explants and sucrose concentrations (3% and 5%) on shoot organogenesis. Explants were kept horizontal and vertical positions in MS medium contained 3% and 5% of sucrose. Sucrose at 3% was the most suitable concentration for the highest number of shoots and sucrose at 5% was the most responsive concentration for the shoot elongation in cultured leaf explants of *Sansevieria*. The result exhibited that the most suitable orientation for the shoot proliferation was horizontal placement of explants.

Second experiment was conducted at the net house of crop farm, Eastern University, Sri Lanka to select the best section among apical, middle and bottom portions of leaves and also to evaluate their performance in different potting media. Leaf sections were taken from apical (L₁) middle (L₂) and bottom (L₃) portions and planted in soil: compost at 1:0 (P₁), soil: compost at 1:1 (P₂) and soil: compost at 1:2 (P₃) ratios. After 90 days, number of shoots per cutting (>1cm), number of shoot buds (<1cm), length of longest shoots, leaf area, fresh weight of shoots, dry weight of shoots, number of roots, length of longest root, fresh weight of roots and dry weight of roots were recorded. The result indicated that leaf sections showed the significant influence on number of days taken to emerge shoots, leaf area, number of roots per section, longest shoot length, longest root length, fresh weight of shoot, fresh weight of roots, dry weight of shoot, dry weight of roots.

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