# EASTERN UNIVERSITY, SRI LANKA

SECOND YEAR FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATION IN BACHELOR OF COMMERCE/BACHELOR OF BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION – 2016/2017 PROPER/REPEAT (July/August 2018)

**Business Communication II: ENG 2022** 

Time: 02 Hours

Index No:	
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## Instructions to the candidates

- 1. This paper consists of EIGHT (08) pages including this content page.
- 2. Answer all the questions on this paper itself.

## For Examiner's use only

Section	Maximum Marks	Marks Obtained
Section 1	35	***************************************
Section 2	30	***************************************
Section 3	35	••••••
Total	100	

### Section 1: Reading skills

A young manager accosted me the other day. "I've been reading all about leadership, himplemented several ideas, and think I'm doing a good job at leading my team. How wiknow when I've crossed over from being a manager to a leader?" he wanted to know.

I didn't have a ready answer and it's a complicated issue, so we decided to talk the next day thought long and hard, and came up with three tests that will help you decide if you've me the shift from managing people to leading them.

#### Counting value vs Creating value.

You're probably counting value, not adding it, if you're managing people. Only managed count value; some even reduce value by disabling those who add value. If a diamond cutte asked to report every 15 minutes how many stones he has cut, by distracting him, his bos subtracting value.

By contrast, leaders focus on creating value, saying: "I'd like you to handle A while I of with B." He or she generates value over and above that which the team create, and is as me a value-creator as his or her followers are. Leading by example and leading by enabling people are the hallmarks of action-based leadership.

#### Circles of influence vs Circles of power

Just as managers have subordinates and leaders have followers, managers create circles power while leaders create circles of influence.

The quickest way to figure out which of the two you're doing is to count the number people outside your reporting hierarchy who come to you for advice. The more that do, more likely it is that you are perceived to be a leader.

#### Leading people vs Managing work

Management consists of controlling a group or a set of entities to accomplish a g Leadership refers to an individual's ability to influence, motivate, and enable other contribute toward organizational success. Influence and inspiration separate leaders f managers, not power and control.

In India, M.K. Gandhi inspired millions of people to fight for their rights, and he washoulder to shoulder with them so India could achieve independence in 1947. His vibecame everyone's dream and ensured that the country's push for independence unstoppable. The world needs leaders like him who can think beyond problems, havision, and inspire people to convert challenges into opportunities, a step at a time.

I encouraged my colleague to put this theory to the test by inviting his team-mates for d When they stop discussing the tasks at hand — and talk about vision, purpose, aspirations instead, that's when you will know you have become a leader.

(Extract from: https://hbr.org/2013/08/tests-of-a-leadership-tra

Q.A	: Read the text	given above and answer the following questions.
1		ple title for the above text
2	. What are the	two entities that are being compared to in this article?
3	. In terms of v	alue what does a manager do, according to paragraph 3?
4.	. What do you	understand, according to the passage, counting value vs creating value?
		***************************************
5.	Is leading nea	onle differ from managing work asset 15 and
5.0	Justify your a	ople differ from managing work, according to the writer of the text?
	************	
		(05 02 15 1.5
Q.B: (	Give similar w	ords for the following: $(05 \times 03 = 15 \text{ marks})$
	accosted	
2.	complicated	***************************************
3.	hallmark	
4.	subordinates	
5.	hierarchy	***************************************
		$(05 \times 02 = 10 \text{ marks})$
).C: 1	There are four c	lifferent styles of writing namely expository, descriptive, persuasive,
nd na	rrative. Identify	the style of writing being employed by the writer of the text.
		(03 marks)

## Q.D: Summarise the text in to 40 words

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Account to the second s		

(07 Mar **Total: 35 Ma**r

## Section 2: English Language structure

Q.A	: Underline the most	suitable answer.		
1.	If Nimali reads the pa	ssage, she	the questions.	
	a. will answer	b, might answer	c. answered	d. would have answer
2.	If I had a mobile, I	you.		
	a. shall phone	b. will phone	c. phone	d. phoned
3.	We to th	e beach, if we had staye	ed in Trincoma	lee.
	a. should go	b. would have gone	c. going	d. must go
4.	If the management as	sistant prepared the rep	ort, I	. it with you.
	a. will share b. sh	ared c. could have	e shared d. ma	y be shared
5.	The professor	more mistakes, i	f he had checke	d the text again.
	<ol> <li>a. could have for</li> </ol>	ınd b. shall find c. fin	d d. mi	ght have find
				$(05 \times 02=10 \text{ M})$

# Q.B: Fill the missing phrases in the sentences by choosing among the followings.

(machines, dif	ference be	tween, hig	her education	n, terribl	e accident, in	the circular,	form of
correspondence	e, general	manager,	recruitment	agency,	recommende	d candidates,	parking
facilities)							(2) (0)

inclines)
1. The auditor discovered that there was a the cash book and the bank
balance.
2. The students were agreed to follow the regulations as it was
3. Many people use email as a formal
4. This particularhas a remarkable record for filling job
vacancies.
5. The main reason for this is that they make sure that their are
suitable.
6. Mr. Silva will be appointed as the of the company.
7. She's shocked, because she has seen a
8. They have improved in their office.
9. She went to Australia for her
10 have become our masters instead of making them our slaves.
$(10 \times 01 = 10 \text{ Marks})$
Q. C: Choose the correct answers and underline them.  1) Ravi to phone me last night. But he didn't.
a) supposed b) is supposed c) was supposed d) will be supposed
2) Gihan away two or three times a year.
a) is going b) going c) goes d) went
3) a car when you were living in Colombo?
a) had you b) were you having c) have you had d) did you have
4) I my back while I in the garden.
a) hurts/ working b) hurting / working c) hurt / was working
b) d) hurting / works

5) At first, I c	lidn't like n	ıy job, but	to enjoy it now.	
a) I was b	eginning	b) I beginning	c) I was began	d) I am beginning
	0.5			$(05 \times 02 = 10 \text{ N})$
<b>~</b> 310 500 5000 00				Total: 30 N
Section 3: Writ				
Q.A: Write a paraș	graph using	the following diagra	am given below in a	bout 40 - 50 words:
			Source L	
Re	ecruit	ment Life	screening Cycle	
Verification			in the blance vie	77
		Famen		
	755 4			(15 Mar
			100	
	4.0			
	191			2
		76/14		
100				

## Q.B: Write a composition on any one of the following in about 200 words:

- 1. Your vision and plan for a future business you want to undertake
- 2. A career you would like to select for your future
- 3. An outstanding business personality you admire the most

	(20 Marks)
	Total: 35 Marks
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