

EASTERN UNIVERSITY, SRI LANKA

SECOND YEAR SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATION IN ARTS & CULTURE
– 2012/2013 (AUGUST/SEPTEMBER 2015)

NEL 2210 INTERMEDIATE GENERAL ENGLISH – II

Time : 02 hours

Index No

Instruction to the Candidates:

1. Duration Two (02) hours.
2. Answer all questions on the answer script alone.
3. Write neatly and clearly.
4. Marks will be deducted for bad spelling and grammar.
5. This paper contains eight (08) pages.

For Examiner's use only

Question Number	Maximum Marks	Marks Obtained
1	25
2	20
3	30
4	10
5	15
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	100	=====
	=====	=====

01. Complete the following dialogue. Select the right answers given below to suit the exchanges.

Salesman : Good morning Madam. Welcome to National Showroom.

Can I help you?

You :

Salesman: You've come to the right place, Madam, We have Panasonic LED TV set; the best in the world.

You :

Salesman: Sorry, Madam, we don't have National, but Panasonic and National are the products of the same company. There's no difference at all.

You :

Salesman: We have two models, 40 inches and 47 inches.

This 47 inch is the most popular. The price is Seventy Five thousand rupees only.

You : I like this model. Is there a discount?

Salesman: We give 10% discount. Shall I pack it for you, Madam?

You :

Salesman: Sorry Madam. We accept only cash and credit cards.

You :

Salesman: You're welcome Madam.

(25 Marks)

02. Read the paragraphs given below and complete the next paragraph using your own details and information in the space given.

Section - I

I am Ashvin Rajaretnam. I am from Trincomalee. I am a student at College of Languages. I study three subjects namely English Language, English Literature and Teaching Methodology. We have lectures from Monday to Friday. Our lectures start at 9.00 a.m.

and end at 4.00 p.m. we do not have lectures during weekends. My friend Abarna and I follow a Basic Computer Course. I learn English to face the future challenges.

I am

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(10 Marks)

Section - II

Ms Janani is a Lecturer at the National College of Education, Batticaloa. He teaches Science there. He also gives them ideas on Teaching Techniques. He does not travel as he is staying at one of the staff quarters. He takes the students on field trips to witness what they study in the classrooms.

I am

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(10 Marks)

03. Read the following passage and answer the questions.

We are now living in the age of Information Technology and are busy collecting, processing and storing data. Therefore, we don't have enough time to pay attention to our social, cultural and religious surroundings. However, we know that there are certain groups of people who are abused and discriminated. Disabled people, beggars, women, children, old people, labourers and low caste people are some who are discriminated not only in Sri Lanka, but in many parts of the world.

and end at 4.00 p.m. we do not have lectures during weekends. My friend Abarna and I follow a Basic Computer Course. I learn English to face the future challenges.

I am

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(10 Marks)

Section - II

Ms Janani is a Lecturer at the National College of Education, Batticaloa. He teaches Science there. He also gives them ideas on Teaching Techniques. He does not travel as he is staying at one of the staff quarters. He takes the students on field trips to witness what they study in the classrooms.

I am

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(10 Marks)

03. Read the following passage and answer the questions.

We are now living in the age of Information Technology and are busy collecting, processing and storing data. Therefore, we don't have enough time to pay attention to our social, cultural and religious surroundings. However, we know that there are certain groups of people who are abused and discriminated. Disabled people, beggars, women, children, old people, labourers and low caste people are some who are discriminated not only in Sri Lanka, but in many parts of the world.

Children, who are considered flowers that spread their scent, are abused by elders who steal their innocence. A lot of poor, helpless orphans can be found in our society. We can also see a lot of children earning a living for themselves and their families. They are sent to work for rich people mostly by their own parents who are looking for some money. These young children are almost always ill-treated by their employers. They are beaten, burnt and injured in many other ways for the smallest mistake they make.

Children are also employed in the drug business. They are used to grow or distribute drugs to the public. The danger here is that they will also be encouraged to use drugs in the future. It destroys our future generation. Children are also forced to carry out robberies and plunder on behalf of elders and often, they are the ones who are caught and punished. Though it is illegal to employ children under the age of 14, they are abducted and forced to work in dried fish vadiyas in coastal areas. In these places, they find themselves subjected to discrimination and humiliation.

Sexual abuse of children is also prevalent all over the world. The ethnic war which raged in the country for many years has disrupted the lives of many children in our country, especially in the North and East. Some of them have been forced to fight in the war as soldiers without attending school or enjoying their childhood.

Now there is more emphasis on protection of children's right. Thus, education has been guaranteed to all children with a law that has been made compulsory for all parents to send their children under 14 years to school. Protection of children's rights was also discussed at the 11th SAARC conference held in Colombo. However, despite propaganda carried out by the National Child Protection Authority, child abuse still continues.

Solving this problem is certainly not easy. To solve the problem, much awareness is needed. The help of society, especially the government, non-governmental organizations, parents, teachers, religious leaders, media and police is absolutely essential to solve the problems of children and to protect their rights, to build a strong, fortunate and healthy future generation.

Section - I

(1) Where are we living now?

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(2) Who can be found in our Society?

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(3) What is the danger here?

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(4) What is prevalent all over the world?

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(5) Where was protection of children's rights discussed?

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(5 x 3=15 Marks)

Section – II

Are the following statements true (T) or False (F). Write 'T' if the statement is true and 'F' if the statement is false.

1. Almost all people are abused and discriminated in this world. ()
2. Children are mostly abused by elders. ()
3. Parents don't send their children for domestic work. ()
4. The young children are always well-treated by the employers. ()

5. Children are not employed in the drug business. ()
6. The children will be encouraged to use drugs in future ()
7. The ethnic war is the main cause for the loss of lives of the children ()
8. Education is not compulsory for all children under 14 years ()
9. Child abuse is still going on even though the National Child Protection Authority made efforts to stop this ()
10. The support of all section of the society is very important to protect the rights of the children ()

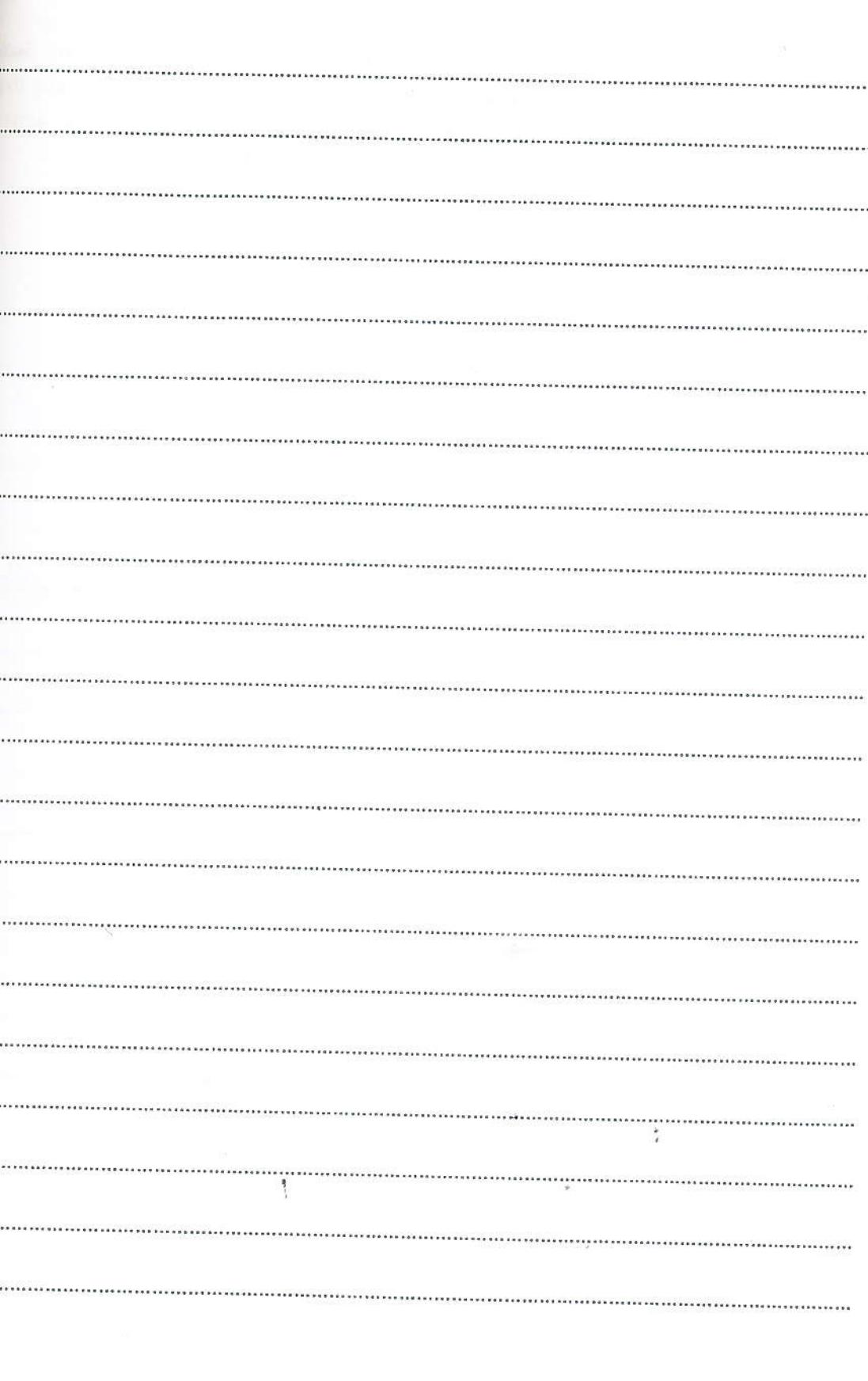
(1 x 10 = 10 Marks)

Section - III

What do the following words which are in bold type refer to?

1. **We** (para 1/line 2)
2. **They** (para 2/line 3)
3. **It** (para 3/line 2)
4. **This** (para 6/line 1)
5. **That** (para 5/line 2)

(1 x 5 = 05 Marks)



(10 Marks)

