

# Eastern University, Sri Lanka

First year First semester Examination in Agriculture – 2002/03 & 2002/03(A) (July 2003)

Repeat

**Mat 1101 – Computer Literacy and applications & Basic Mathematics**

**Theory**

Answer all Questions

Duration: Three (03) hours

## Section A

**Q1)** Briefly explain the following

- i. I/O devices
- ii. CPU
- iii. RAM ,DRAM,SRAM, ROM, PROM,EPROM,EAROM,EEROM
- iv. SMPS, Ports in computer
- v. Three Application areas in computer

**Q2)**

I) a) Convert the following into binary

i.  $(225)_{10}$

ii.  $(231.68)_{10}$

b) Convert the following into Decimal

i.  $(111101)_2$

ii.  $(0.0111)_2$

c) Convert the following into Octal

iii.  $(14)_{10}$

iv.  $(1101101)_2$

d) Convert the following into Hexadecimal

v.  $(339)_{10}$

vi.  $(1110111)_2$

II) Define the following terms

- c) Bit
- d) Byte
- e) Word



### Q3)

a) Explain the following;

- i. Data and Information
- ii. Internet and Intranet
- iii. E-mail & Internet chatting
- iv. Computer Viruses

b) Show with reference to a block diagram, the structure of a digital computer the inter-connection of various units.

### Q4)

a) Write short notes on any **six (06)** of the following in the context of Windows operating system.

- i. Desktop
- ii. Recycle bin
- iii. Start Menu
- iv. My computer
- v. Explorer
- vi. Answer wizard
- vii. Screen server and Wallpaper
- viii. "Application window" and "Document window" in the context of MS-Word or MS-Excel
- ix. System tools
- x. Command Prompt

SECTION B  
BASIC MATHEMATICS

5. (a) Simplify the following:

i.  $\left(\frac{8}{27}\right)^{2/3} \times (27)^{2/3} \times \left(\frac{9}{4}\right)^{1/2}$  ;

ii.  $\left(\frac{9a^{-3}}{12ab^2}\right)^{-2} \times (2^0 a^2)^{-3} \times \left(\frac{3}{4} a^2 b\right)^2$ .

(b) Solve the following equations:

i.  $2^{2x} \times 4^{2x-3} = 8^{-2x}$  ;

ii.  $\log(5x - 6) + \log(2x + 3) = \log(10x^2 - 3x - 6)$ .

(c) Factorize the following:

i.  $10a^2 - 33a - 7$  ;

ii.  $6xy - 2ay + 3x - a$  ;

iii.  $2x^2 - 98$ .

(d) If  $a^2 + b^2 = 11ab$ , then prove that

$$2 \log \left( \frac{a-b}{3} \right) = \log a + \log b.$$



6. (a) Differentiate the following functions with respect to  $x$ :

i.  $y = \frac{2x - 1}{1 + x^2}$  ;

ii.  $y = (5x^2 - 1)(x^3 + 2)$  ;

iii.  $y = \log \left( \frac{x^2 + 1}{x^2 - 1} \right)$ .

(b) If  $y = 2x + \frac{4}{x}$  then show that

$$x^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + x \frac{dy}{dx} - y = 0.$$

(c) Find the maximum and minimum values of the function

$$y = x^3 - 6x^2 + 9x - 2.$$