EASTERN UNIVERSITY, SRI LANKA nsverslsy,

## SPECIAL DEGREE EXAMINATION IN CHEMISTRY

2008/2009 (NOVEMBER 2011)

## CH401 Advanced Inorganic Chemistry I

1. Answer all parts (a), (b), (c), (d) and (e)
a) Identify the point groups of the following molecules.
i. Hexachlorobenzene
ii. trans-1,2 dichloroethylene
iii. Ammonia
b) Explain the following terms with suitable example
i. Symmetry operation
ii. Symmetry elements
c). Find all the axes of symmetry in the following molecules.
i. $\mathrm{NH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}$
ii. $\mathrm{CO}_{3}{ }^{2-}$
iii. $\mathrm{BF}_{3}$
(30 Marks)
d). Show diagrammatically the location of all the rotation axis/axes of symmetry in the following molecules.
i. p-dichlorobenzene
ii. m-dichlorobenzene
(20 Marks)
e) Write down all symmetry operation corresponding to the $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ molecule. By set up its multiplication table show that it constitutes a group using matrix algebra.
a) i) Derive the spectroscopic term symbols for $\mathrm{P}^{2}$ configuration.
ii) Deduce the term symbol for the ground state of $\mathrm{P}^{2}$ configuration.
b) i) Derive the spectroscopic term symbols for $\mathrm{Ni}^{2+}$ ion.
ii) Deduce the term symbol for the lowest energy state of $\mathrm{Ni}^{2+}$ ion.
iii) Calculate the number of microstates for $\mathrm{Ni}^{2+}$
c) i) Draw the simplified Orgel diagram for $\mathrm{V}^{3+}$ octahedral and tetrahedral comple
ii) The solution of $\left[\mathrm{V}\left(\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4}\right)_{3}\right]^{3-}$ ion is reported to exhibit bands at 16500 $\left(\varepsilon_{\max }=16 \mathrm{~L} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1} \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\right)$ and $23500 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\left(\varepsilon_{\max }=12 \mathrm{~L} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1} \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\right)$. Sketc electronic spectrum you would expect for $\left[\mathrm{V}_{\left.\left(\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4}\right)_{3}\right]^{3-} \text {. Give reasons and: }}\right.$ these bands to the appropriate transitions and account for any missing allowed bands.
iii) Calculate the values of the ligand field parameter $\Delta$ and the Racah parameter for $\left[\mathrm{V}\left(\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4}\right)_{3}\right]^{3-}$ using the data given in $\mathrm{c}(\mathrm{ii})$ above.
2. a) i) Define the terms ligand, chelate complex and penetration complexes.
ii) Briefly explain the trigonal and tetragonal distortion in octahedral complexes.
b) Explain the following factors in determining the structure of linkage isomers
i) effect of $\pi$-bonding
ii) steric factor effect of stereochemistry
iii) symbiotic theory
c) i) What are the limitations of valence bond theory.
(10 Marks)
ii) The magnetic moment of $\left[\mathrm{MnBr}_{4}\right]^{2-}$ is 5.9 B.M. what is the geometry of this complexes. Explain how the magnetic moment of a complex could be used to predict the geometry.
(20 Marks)
