EASTERN UNIVERSITY, SRI LANKA FIRST EXAMINATION IN SCIENCE 2001/2002(May 2002) FIRST SEMESTER CH 102 THERMODYNAMICS AND INTRODUCTION TO ELECTRO CHEMISTRY

TIME: 01 HOUR

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS.

- 1) Answer all three parts (a),(b) and (c)
- a) Explain the following terms
 - i) System and surroundings
 - ii) Reversible process
- b) Assume that a real gas A obeys the Vander waals equation of state,

$$\left(P + \frac{n^2 a}{V^2}\right) (V - nb) = nRT$$

Show that the maximum work done (W) when 'n' moles of the gas A expands isothermally and reversibly from volume V_1 to V_2 is given by

$$W = nRT \ln \left(\frac{V_1 - nb}{V_2 - nb} \right) + n^2 \alpha \left(\frac{1}{V_1} - \frac{1}{V_2} \right)$$

Hence for an ideal gas show that it is given by

$$W = nRT \ln \left(\frac{V_1}{V_2} \right)$$

Contd....

- c) i) Explain what is meant by Joule Thomson effect and write the mathematical expression for Joule Thomson coefficient (μ_{J-T})
- ii) The Joule Thomson coefficient for nitrogen gas at 500° C and pressure between 0-60 atm can be represented by

$$\mu_{J-T} = 0.014 - 2.50 \text{x} 10^{-4} \text{ P}$$

Find the expected temperature drop (ΔT) when the gas is expanded from 60 atm to 20 atm.

- 2) Answer both parts (a) and (b)
- a) i) By using A = A(V,T), derive the Maxwell relation

$$\left(\frac{\partial S}{\partial V}\right)_T = \left(\frac{\partial P}{\partial T}\right)_V$$

ii) Using the above Maxwell relation, derive the thermodynamic equation of state

$$\left(\frac{\partial U}{\partial V}\right)_T = T \left(\frac{\partial P}{\partial T}\right)_V - P$$
(Hint: dU = TdS - PdV)

- iii) Show that for an ideal gas $\left(\frac{\partial U}{\partial V}\right)_T = 0$
- b) i) What is meant by 'electrode potential'
- ii) Calculate the emf of a Zn Ag cell at 30° C when activity of Zn^{2+} ions is 0.5 and activity of Ag^{+} ions is 10.

$$(E_{Ag^+,Ag}^{\theta} = 0.799V, E_{Zn^{2+},Zn}^{\theta} = -0.760V)$$

iii) Can a solution of 1M copper sulphate be stored in a vessel made of Nickel metal?

Given that
$$E_{Ni,Ni^{2+}}^{\theta} = 0.25$$
 and $E_{Cu,Cu^{2+}}^{\theta} = -0.34V$.