# EASTERN UNIVERSITY SRILANKA FACULTY OF AGRICULTURE 

 THIRD YEAR FIRST SEMIESTER EXAMINATION IN AGRICULTURE $2008 / 2009$(September/October 2009)

## AEN 3101 - HYDRAULICS AND HYDROLOGY (2:30/00)

Time: 2 hrs
Answer all questions
Index no...................

1. (a) Derive Bernoulli's equation for the flow of an incompressible frictionless fluid.
(b) A pipeline ABC connects two reservoirs as shown in the diagram. If the friction factor $f$ is 0.008 determine the water flow rate and the pressure at B for the conditions shown. Neglect all energy degradation except that due to pipe friction.

2. (a) Using the Chezy formula, find the proportions of a trapezoidal channel which will make the discharge at maximum for a given area. Show that the sides and the base of such section are tangential to a semi circle whose centre is at the water surface.
(b) A trapezoidal channel of best section carries a discharge of $13.7 \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{s}$ at a velocity of $0.9 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$. The side slopes are $1: 2$. (i) Design the channel if the Chezy's constant $\mathrm{C}=45$ and (ii) find the bed slope?
3. (a) Briefly explain the process and mechanics of infiltration with suitable illustrations.
(b) The infiltration rate under shallow ponding was monitored as a function of cumulative rainfall and found to be $20 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{hr}$ when a total of 100 mm had infiltrated. If the eventual steady rate of infiltration is $5 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{hr}$, estimate the infiltration rate at a cumulative infiltration of 200 and 400 mm . (Use the Green and Ampt equation)
4. Two rainfalls in magnitudes of 3.5 and 1.75 cm , occurring consecutively at $6-\mathrm{h}$ interval on a catchment area of $75.168 \mathrm{Km}^{2}$. The out flow hydrograph of catchment is as follows. (Assume base is constant, at the rate of $5 \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{s}$ )

| Time since <br> beginning of <br> rainfall (h) | 0 | 3 | 6 | 9 | 12 | 15 | 18 | 21 | 24 | 27 | 30 | 33 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Outflow(cu.m/s) | 5 | 5 | 9 | 11 | 14 | 17 | 13 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 7 | 5 |

a) Compute the effective rainfall amount and $\varnothing$ index.
b) Plot the storm hydrograph and unit hydrograph.
c) Separate the base flow from storm hydrograph by Barne's method also indicates the regions and important points on plotted hydrograph.
d) If $3-\mathrm{h}$ unit hydrograph for a catchment area of $25 \mathrm{~km}^{2}$ has $250 \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{s}$ as peak discharge, determine the peak discharge of hydrograph, if base flow is $25 \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{s}$. Assume direct runoff volume of catchment is $6.25 \times 10^{5} \mathrm{~m}^{3}$.

