# EASTERN UNIVERSITY, SRI LANKA <br> EXTERNAL DEGREE IN SCIENCE <br> FIRST EXAMINATION IN SCIENCE 2002/03 <br> SECOND SEMESTER (Sep./Oct., 2005) 

## EXCS106 -- Computer Organization and Architecture

Answer All Questions
Time Allowed: 2 Hours

## Q1

 Explain the terms:(i). Combinational circuits
(ii). Sequential circuits

Give examples to each circuit.
A device accepts natural binary numbers in the range 0000 to 1111 , which represent 0 to 15. The output of the circuit is true if the input to the circuit represents a prime number and is false otherwise. Note that zero $(0000)$ and one ( 0001 ) are not considered as prime numbers.
(a) Construct a truth table and obtain the logical expression.
(b) Simplify the expression using Karnaugh map.
(c) Design a circuit to implement this simplified expression.
(a). Describe, with the aid of examples, the properties of 2 's complement numbers.

Give a methoवै to detect overflow in the computation involving 2's complement numbers. Give examples.
(b). Explain the meaning of the following terms in the floating-point representation:
(i). excess notation
(ii). normalized mantissa
(iii). hidden bit
(c). Describe the single precision IEEE floating-point representation.

Represent the following decimal numbers in the single precision IEEE format:
(a) 576.375
(b) -0.0025
(c) 0.001
(a) Describe the functions of the following registers in a typical CPU:
(i). Accumulator
(ii). Program Counter (PC)
(iii). Memory Address Register (MAR)
(iv). Memory Data Register (MDR)
(v). Instruction Register (IR)

Discuss, with the aid of an example, the fetch/Execute cycle with interrupt.
(b) Suppose you are given a Computer with 7 single address instructions.

The instructions are

| LDA | A | // Load accumulator |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| STO A | // Store accumulator |  |
| ADD | A | // Add |
| SUB | A | // Subtract |
| IN | A | // Read from an input unit and store at the address A |
| OUT A | // Out put the content of A to an output unit |  |
| HALT | // Stop the execution |  |

Write a program to this computer to read three numbers $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{C}$, compute $\mathrm{P}=\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{C}$ and output $P$.

Q4
Write short notes on the following:
(a) Büs system
(b) Cache memory structu*e
(c) Direct memory access (DMA)

